# ...The Bank of Commerce and Trusts..

#### Acts as

Trustee, Executor and Administrator.

Transfer Agent and Registrar.

Fiscal Agent for Corporations and Municipalities.

Legal Depository for State, City and Court Funds.

Custodian of Wills and Securities.

Agent for the Care of Real Estate.

#### This Company Also

Buys and Sells Foreign Exchange.

Issues Foreign and Domestic Letters of Credit.

Certifies to the Genuineness of Stocks and Bonds.

## **Statement of Condition**

Close of Business, September 1st, 1910

#### RESOURCES

Loans and Investments . . \$1,072.135.03 Cash and Due from Banks . 144,608.20 Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures, 25,946.63

Total . . . \$1,242,689.86

#### LIABILITIES

Capital S	tock		•	٠	•			\$200,000.00
Surplus and Profits				•	•			64,891.14
Deposits				•	•	•	•	977,798.72
	Tot	al	•					\$1,242,689.86

#### Officers

OLIVER J. SANDS	President.
A. R. HOLLADAY	Vice-President.
R. B. CAMPBELL	Acting Secretary.
O. E. PARRISH	Cashier Church Hill Bank.
P. E. W. GOODWINC	ashier Bank of Commerce.

#### Directors

Robert Lecky, Jr., Jno. Bagby, C. J. Billups, B. B. Bowles, Jonathan Bryan, A. St. Clair Butler, James T. Carneal, G. L. Fairbank, T. R. Gordon, C. F. Grimmell, Edgar G. Gunn, Jno. S. Harwood, R. H. Harwood,

M. C. Patterson, J. Garland Pollard, H. W. Rountree, Chas. C. Rueger, Oliver J. Sands, W. H. Schwarzschild, W. C. Schmidt, Emmett Seaton, G. Watt Taylor, Moses Thalhimer, Chas. E. Wingo, A. R. Holladay.

Invites the Accounts of Individuals, Firms, Corporations.

Extends Every Facility in its Credit and Savings Department.

## 3% Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

Main Office and Banking House, Ninth and Main Streets. **BRANCHES:** 

CHURCH HILL BANK, Twenty-fifth and Broad Streets, O. E. Parrish, Cashier.

BANK OF COMMERCE, 307 East Broad Street, P. E. W. Goodwin, Cashier.

the ground, lay out sewer lines, electricit light lines, wide avenues and make other extensive improvements. The company has already spent \$10,000 on this work. Richmond College has opened up a broad avenue sixty feet wide, north of the Westham or River Road. This new thoroughfare has been named College Avenue, and it leads direct from the Westham Road to the head of the lake at Westham, and will be one of the most beautiful drives in and around Richmond. Three thoughners of the bullding code. The cacape, in accordance with the rehead of the lake at Westham, and will glans were accompanied by a letter and around Richmond. Three thoughners of the bullding code. The prepared his land for corn by exploding 150 pounds of dynamite 2 feet underground, last March, now freely admit that there is more in his theory of "dynamite farming" than they duirements of the bullding code. The guirements of the bullding code. The prepared his land for corn by exploding 150 pounds of dynamite 2 feet underground, last March, now freely admit that there is more in his theory of "dynamite farming" than they duirements of the bullding code. The cacape, in accordance with the rehand around Richmond. Three thoughners accompanied by a letter and around Richmond. Three thoughners accompanied by a letter and around Richmond. Three thoughners accompanied by a letter and around Richmond. Three thoughners are undered. On one acre of land prepared in this way there are to-day over 14,000 talks of corn, averaging nearly 10 feet in height, with just 29,239 beautiful around the bullding the prepared his land for corn by exploding 150 pounds of dynamite 2 feet underground, last March, now freely admit that there is more in his theory of "dynamite farming" than they prepared in the prepared in the

## EXPLOSIONS OF DYNAMITE PROVE SUCCESSFUL IN PLANTING CORN

Henry Caldwell, of Spartanburg, Increases Crop

Soil Pulverized to Depth of Four Feet by Treatment.



Caldwell claims that this acre dynamite along the rows, which are will produce not less than 200 bushels, it 1-2 feet apart, at intervals of 5 feet and among the 2,000 or more people who have seen the field, there is to be the ground and into the hole the

who have seen the field, there is to be found not one who will question his claim.

Mr. Caldwell freely asserts that he has revolutionized the method of growing corn, and that present methods will within a few years be abandoned. To prove this he will next year give special attention to one acre, breaking up the land with dynamite to adepth of five feet and applying every other improved method known to the scientific farmer, with which he expects to break the, record. He believes that he can with ease produced 300 bushels to the acre.

Pulverizes the Soil.

Pulverizes the Soil.

The chief advantage of breaking land by dynamite, according to Mr. Caidwell, is that the clay is thoroughly pulverized, and not cut up, as when a plough is used, thus making available the phosphates in the clay, and leaving it in such a condition that crops growing on it will not suffer for moisture even in the dryest weather.

As proof of the latter claim, the corn growing on the dynamited land is as green and luxuriant as if grown in a river bottom, while in the fields around corn is dying for lack of rain. Two feet below the surface the soil is as wet as if a heavy rain had just fallen, though there has not been a rain in this section in weeks, and other crops are burning up.

The land was prepared for cultivation by exploding small charges of the other, necessary fertilizer used, Pulverizes the Soil.

An iron rod was driven 2 feet into

Produces Tenfold Crop.

By the use of dynamite, Mr. Caldwell has produced approximately 200 bushels of corn on land that by the old methods produced from twenty to thirty bushels, according to conditions. The expense is little more than by the old method. It cost Mr. Caldwell only \$35 to prepare his land, including \$5 for labor.

A manufacturer has agreed to put

white fowls. I simply wished to learn

white fowls. I simply wished to learn all I could of the poultry business. There are quite a few people who make a business of bleaching white birds, their charges being generally \$10 per specimen. If there is any tinge of brassiness observable on back or bows of the wings they take a sponge saturated with "peroxide of hydrogen" and rub it gently over the surface of the feathers. This will often remove the brassiness without injuring the lustre of the plumage destroying the texture of the web of the feathers. As peroxide is only a strong disinfectant, which can be bought at any drug store, there is no danger whatever in its use, either for the bird or its handler. And furthermore, I would persogally hestiate to call it "faking" exactly, as it's no worse than using face lotions, etc.

Bad Specimens.

I saw a bird fitted up for the show room that was hardly more than a cuil. The quills of the feathers were all yellow, as were the feathers were all yellow, as were the feathers themselves. To fix this birdup oxalic acid was used. I suppose a box of straw hat bleaching powder would do the same. This process, though, I don't believe could be accomplished except all I could of the poultry business

# Commonwealth

Richmond, Va.

Williamsburg Ave., Fulton

4% On Savings 4%

### J. M. CULBRETH Gonsulting Accountant, Business Systematizer,

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Richmond, Va.